ROVA NON ESTRATTA \$1/01/2024 Volutine Censtr



PROVA ORALE 1

Si descrivano le finalità dell'istituzione dell'Sistema Nazionale Prevenzione Salute (SNPS) dai rischi ambientali e climatici e se ne descriva brevemente le funzioni.

PROVA D'INGLESE

Biology is a science that gathers knowledge about the natural world (Figure 1.18). Specifically, biology is the study of life. Biological discoveries are made by a community of researchers who work both individually and together using agreed-on methods. The methods of science include careful observation, record keeping, logical and mathematical reasoning, experimentation, and submitting conclusions to the scrutiny of others. Science also requires considerable imagination and creativity; a well-designed experiment is commonly described as elegant or beautiful. Science has significant practical implications and applications, for example, in the prevention of disease (Figure 1.19). Other types of science are motivated by curiosity. Whatever its goal, there is no doubt that science, including biology, has transformed human existence and will continue to do so.

PROVA NON ESTRATTA 1/01/2024 Velentine Cewalt

PROVA ORALE 2



Si descrivano gli enti appartenenti al Sistema Nazionale Prevenzione Salute (SNPS) dai rischi ambientali e climatici e si definiscano brevemente i compiti.

PROVA D'INGLESE

Biology is a science that gathers knowledge about the natural world (Figure 1.18). Specifically, biology is the study of life. Biological discoveries are made by a community of researchers who work both individually and together using agreed-on methods. The methods of science include careful observation, record keeping, logical and mathematical reasoning, experimentation, and submitting conclusions to the scrutiny of others. Science also requires considerable imagination and creativity; a well-designed experiment is commonly described as elegant or beautiful. Science has significant practical implications and applications, for example, in the prevention of disease (Figure 1.19). Other types of science are motivated by curiosity. Whatever its goal, there is no doubt that science, including biology, has transformed human existence and will continue to do so.

PROVA ESTRATTA 11/01/2024 Velentina Consti

PROVA ORALE 3



Descrivere in modo sintetico gli obiettivi strategici del PP09 ambiente clima e salute.

PROVA D'INGLESE

Biology is a science that gathers knowledge about the natural world (Figure 1.18). Specifically, biology is the study of life. Biological discoveries are made by a community of researchers who work both individually and together using agreed-on methods. The methods of science include careful observation, record keeping, logical and mathematical reasoning, experimentation, and submitting conclusions to the scrutiny of others. Science also requires considerable imagination and creativity; a well-designed experiment is commonly described as elegant or beautiful. Science has significant practical implications and applications, for example, in the prevention of disease (Figure 1.19). Other types of science are motivated by curiosity. Whatever its goal, there is no doubt that science, including biology, has transformed human existence and will continue to do so.